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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/559,783	12/08/2005	Mitsuko Kosaka	64614(70904)	1080
	7590 11/03/200 NGELL PALMER & D	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 5587	<i>7</i> 4	DUTT, ADITI		
BOSTON, MA 02205			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1649		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/03/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.		Applicant(s)	
	10/559,783	KOSAKA, MITSUKO	
	Examiner	A (1 1 ! 4	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Aditi Dutt	1649	

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>08 October 2009</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following rapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit al (with appeal fee) in compliance	, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires <u>6</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Adno event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extrumer 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wi	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS			
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further core (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better the content of the properties of the properties of the content of the properties.	isideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);	
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21 See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mnliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324)
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		inpliant / timenament (1	102 024).
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) the how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proved the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		be entered and an ex	kplanation of
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-4,6,17,18,26 and 27</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>12-14</u> .			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fails	s to provide a
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation	of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.
 REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See continuation below. 	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/Jeffrey Stucker/	/A. D./		
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1649	Examiner, Art Unit 1649		

Continuation of 11: Does not place the application for condition of allowance because:

The rejection of claims 1-4, 6, 17-18 and 26-27, as being as being unpatentable over Kosaka et al. (Exp Cell Res 245: 245-251, 1998), and Tropepe et al. (Sc. 287: 2032-2036, 2000), in view of Pardo et al. (Brain Res 818: 84-95, 1999), and further in view of Lee et al (Theriogenology 44: 71-83, 1995) and Samarut et al., (US Patent number 6,500,668, dated 31 December 2002), as evidenced by Reynolds et al. (Sc. 255: 1707-1710, 1992) and Kitchens et al. (J. Neurobiol 25: 797-807, 1994), is maintained for reasons of record in the last Office Action dated 8/13/09.

Applicant has largely repeated the same arguments as described in the previous Office Action dated 13 August 2009. Even though Applicant acknowledges that "all of the components of the instantly claimed invention may have been known in the art at the time of filing", Applicant alleges that the combination of the references could only be made in hindsight. Applicant's reasoning is based on two separate rejections in two Office Actions, arguing that if a skilled artisan could not practice the method due to undue experimentation as alleged in a previous Office Action, one would not combine references to provide the instant invention without a reasonable expectation of success. Furthermore, Applicant asserts that none of the seven references disclose or suggest the specific differentiation conditions as currently claimed, i.e. the references taken individually or in combination do not teach the floated coagulated mass culture method in serum free media containing N2 supplement and at least one of FGF, LIF or SCF. Applicant asserts that the cited references do not disclose these conditions and therefore, the instant invention is not obvious in view of the references.

Applicant's arguments are fully considered, however, are not found to be persuasive for reasons largely provided in the last Office Action (see pages 7-12). Additionally, Applicant's arguments over the invention as involving undue experimentation in one Office Action, while being shown as obvious in the next Office Action is inappropriate, especially because Examiner withdrew the rejection over lack of enablement before proceeding to show obviousness over the prior art teachings. Furthermore, Applicant is arguing limitations that are not present or required in the current claims. For example the differences in cell types IPE versus RPE, and the selection of culture medium to deal with the differences, is not relevant to the instantly claimed invention, particularly when the combined teachings clearly render the claimed invention obvious to the skilled artisan. As far as improper hindsight reasoning is alleged, it is reminded herein that "[a]ny judgement on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based on hindsight reasoning, but so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill in the art at the time the claimed invention was made and does not include knowledge gleaned only from applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper." In re McLaughlin 443 F.2d 1392, 1395, 170 USPQ 209, 212 (CCPA 1971). The prima facie obviousness of the claimed invention in view of the combined references, therefore, provides sufficient reasoning, and nullifies Applicant's allegations of improper teachings in the individual references.

Lastly, a substantial focus of Applicant's current arguments is based on the proposed amendments of independent claim 1 that contain subject matter not presented in the previous set of independent or dependent claims, thus will require further search and examination. The rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) is therefore, maintained.